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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/631,991	07/31/2003	Xiaodong Wang	02007 (16792)	2202
75	90 09/20/2006		EXAMINER	
Benjamin Lee			WANG, TED M	
NEC Laboratori	es America, Inc.			
4 Independence Way			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Princeton, NJ 08540			2611	

DATE MAILED: 09/20/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			$\mathcal{C}\mathcal{V}$
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	-) ,
	10/631,991	WANG, XIAODONG	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Ted M. Wang	2611	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions are period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state that the period for reply will, by state that the maximum statutory perions are period for reply will, by state that the period for reply will, by state that the maximum state of the maximum state of the period for reply will, by state that the period for reply will be period for reply will, by state that the period for reply will be period	DATE OF THIS COMMUN 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO ute, cause the application to become A	ICATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communic BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20	February 2004.		
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ TI	nis action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	•	-	ts is
closed in accordance with the practice unde	r <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.I	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are pending in the application	on.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3,9,13-15,18 and 19</u> is/are reject			
7) Claim(s) <u>2,4-8,10-12,16,17 and 20-22</u> is/are			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	I/or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>02 December 2004</u> is	s/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)[objected to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	ne drawing(s) be held in abeya	ince. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr			
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attache	ed Office Action or form PTO-15	2.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
1. Certified copies of the priority docume		A 11 11 A	
2. Certified copies of the priority docume			
 Copies of the certified copies of the preparation from the International Bure 	•	n received in this National Stage	;
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	t received.	
	or or the continue copies no	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Attachment(s)	🗖		
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Dotice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 		Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 11/5/2003.		Informal Patent Application	

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DETAILED ACTION

Preliminary Amendment

1. The preliminary amendment filed on 02/20/2004 has been entered.

Claim Objections

- 2. Claims 21 and 22 are objected to because of the following informalities:
 - □ In claims 21 and 22, lines 7, 10, and 12, change "(b)(1)" to --- (b1) ---, "(b)(2)" to --- (b2) --- and "(b)(3)" to --- (b3) ---, respectively.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 4. Claims 1, 3, 9, 13-15, 18 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Yang et al. (A sequential Monte Carlo blind receiver for OFDM systems in frequency-selective fading channels. IEEE Trans. Sig. Proc., 50(2):271-280, February 2002.)
 - With regard claim 1, Yang et al. teaches a method for demodulating data from a
 channel (Abstract and page 271, right column, lines 16-22), comprising:

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receiving a priori probability values for symbols transmitted across the channel (Fig.3, Fig.5 element SMC detector input from symbol prob computer, page 276, section V, lines 1-17);

in accordance with the a priori probability values, determining a set of Monte Carlo samples of the symbols weighted with respect to a probability distribution of the symbols (Fig.3 and 5, page 274, left column, lines 4-7, page 276, section V, lines 1-17 and page 277, left column, lines 4-7); and

estimating a posteriori probability values for the symbols based on the set of Monte Carlo samples (Fig.3, Fig.5 element bit LLR computer, page 276, section V, lines 1-17, page 277, left column, line 8 – right column, before section VI).

- With regard claim 3, Yang et al. further teaches wherein the Monte Carlo samples comprise stochastic Monte Carlo samples (page 276, section V, lines 3-4).
- □ With regard claim 9, Yang et al. further teaches based on the a posteriori probability values, calculating a posteriori log-likelihood ratios of interleaved code bits (page 277, left column, line 8 –12).
- with regard claim 13, which is a program storage device tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by a computer machine to program a method related to claim 1, all limitation is contained in claim 1. The explanation of all the limitation is already addressed in the above paragraph. Where Yang et al. teaches that the SMC detector as shown in Fig.5 implements the algorithm

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described in section IV-A (page 278, left column, lines 14-15) and executes by a computer (page 277, right column section VI, lines 1-4) for simulation. It is inherent that the algorithm (A computable set of steps to achieve a desired result) is been stored in a program storage device and been executed in a computer.

- With regard claim 14, which is a demodulator mean plus function related to claim
 1, all limitation is contained in claim 1. The explanation of all the limitation is
 already addressed in the above paragraph.
- With regard claim 15, which is a demodulator mean plus function related to claim 3, all limitation is contained in claim 3. The explanation of all the limitation is already addressed in the above paragraph.
- With regard claim 18, which is a receiver claim related to claim 1, Yang et al.
 further teaches

a soft outer channel decoder (Fig.5 element channel decoder, page 276, section V, lines 14-17);

a soft inner demodulator (Fig.5 element SMC detector and page 278, right column, lines 12-14); and

a symbol probability computer (Fig.5 element symbol prob computer).

All other limitation is contained in claim 1. The explanation of all the limitation is already addressed in the above paragraph.

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With regard claim 19, which is a receiver claim related to claim 9, all limitation is contained in claim 9. The explanation of all the limitation is already addressed in the above paragraph.

Double Patenting

5. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

- 6. Claims 1, 13 and 14 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and 1 of copending Application No. 11/063,633. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the broader application claim would have been obvious in view of the narrower issued claim.
 - Claim 1 of copending application No. 11/063,633 recites the limitations—
 A method for demodulating data from a channel, comprising:

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(a) "receiving a priori probability values for symbols transmitted across the channel,"

- (b) "each symbol decomposable into a first symbol component and a second symbol component;"
- (c) "<u>in accordance with the a priori probability values, determining a first</u>
 set of Monte Carlo samples of the first symbol components weighted with respect
 to a probability distribution of the first symbol components" and
- (d) "determining a second set of Monte Carlo samples of the second symbol components weighted with respect to a probability distribution of the second symbol components, where the first symbol components and the second symbol components are sampled independently;" and
- (e) "estimating a posteriori probability values for the symbols based on the first and second sets of Monte Carlo samples."

On the other hand, claim 15 of the instant application recites the limitations –

A method for demodulating data from a channel, comprising:

- (a) "receiving a priori probability values for symbols transmitted across the channel;"
- (c) "in accordance with the a priori probability values, determining a set of

 Monte Carlo samples of the symbols weighted with respect to a probability

 distribution of the symbols;" and

(e) "estimating a posteriori probability values for the symbols based on the set of Monte Carlo samples."

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The claim 1 of copending application No. 11/063,633 as recited in the above paragraph is related to a method to determine two sets of Monte Carlo samples and the instant application is related to a method to determine only one set method of Monte Carlo samples. The method for demodulating data from a channel of copending application No. 11/063,633 as recited does not require to have limitation "(b) and (d)" to operate the demodulating method as recited above.

Therefore, claim 1 of the instant application merely broadens the scope of claim 1 of copending application No. 11/063,633 by eliminating the limitation "(b) and (d)". It is obvious the limitations of claim 1 of copending application No. 11/063,633 read on the limitations of claim 1 of the instant application.

Further, it has been held that the omission of an element and its function is an obvious expedient if the remaining elements perform the same functions as before. See *In re Karlson*, 136 USPQ 184 (CCPA 1963). Also note *Ex parte Rainu*, 168 USPQ 375 (BdPatApp&Int 1970); omission of a reference element whose function is not needed would be obvious to one skilled in the art.

Claim 13 of the instant application merely broadens the scope of claim 14 of copending application No. 11/063,633 by the same reason as addressed in the above paragraph. It is obvious the limitations of claim 14 of copending

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application No. 11/063,633 read on the limitations of claim 13 of the instant application.

Claim 14 of the instant application merely broadens the scope of claim 1 of copending application No. 11/063,633 by the same reason as addressed in the above paragraph and in addition to the reason that claim 14 is a mean plus function type claim related to claim 1 of the instant application. It is obvious the limitations of claim 1 of copending application No. 11/063,633 read on the limitations of claim 14 of the instant application.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 7. Claims 21 and 22 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the objection(s) set forth in this Office action.
- 8. Claims 2, 4-8, 10-12, 16, 17 and 20 are objected to as being dependent upon an objected claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 9. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance.
 - The prior art fails to teach an apparatus of Claims 21 and 22 that specifically comprises the following:
 - -- The instant application is deemed to be directed to a non-obvious improvement over the admitted prior art of the instant application and the

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PGPUB No. US 2002/0034261 and Yang et al. (A sequential Monte Carlo blind receiver for OFDM systems in frequency-selective fading channels. IEEE Trans. Sig. Proc., 50(2):271-280, February 2002.). The improvement comprises that

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With regard claims 21 and 22, "(b1) calculating an exact expression for the probability distribution by enumerating m samples for less than all transmit antennas to obtain m data sequences, where m is a number of the deterministic Monte Carlo samples determined for the symbol interval; (b2) computing the importance weight w_k(i) for each symbol s_k(i), where k is an index identifying a transmit antenna; and (b3) selecting and preserving m distinct data sequences with the highest weights;" as recited in combination with other limitation as claimed.

Conclusion

- 10. Reference US 2002/0034261 is cited because they are put pertinent to the OFDM demodulation with Monte Carlo simulation method. However, none of references teach detailed connection as recited in claim.
- 11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ted M. Wang whose telephone number is 571-272-3053. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 7:30 AM to 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chieh Fan can be reached on 571-272-3042. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Ted M Wang Examiner Art Unit 2611

Ted M. Wang